- (4) A local exchange carrier or its affiliate (or any multichannel video programming distributor using the facilities of such carrier or its affiliate) offers video programming services directly to subscribers by any means (other than direct-to-home satellite services) in the franchise area of an unaffiliated cable operator which is providing cable service in that franchise area, but only if the video programming services so offered in that area are comparable to the video programming services provided by the unaffiliated cable operator in that area.
- (c) For purposes of paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(3) of this section, each separately billed or billable customer will count as a household subscribing to or being offered video programming services, with the exception of multiple dwelling buildings billed as a single customer. Individual units of multiple dwelling buildings will count as separate households. The term "households" shall not include those dwellings that are used solely for seasonal, occasional, or recreational use.
- (d) A multichannel video program distributor, for purposes of this section, is an entity such as, but not limited to, a cable operator, a multichannel multipoint distribution service, a direct broadcast satellite service, a television receive-only satellite program distributor, a video dialtone service provider, or a satellite master antenna television service provider that makes available for purchase, by subscribers or customers, multiple channels of video programming.
- (e) Service of a multichannel video programming distributor will be deemed offered:
- (1) When the multichannel video programming distributor is physically able to deliver service to potential subscribers, with the addition of no or only minimal additional investment by the distributor, in order for an individual subscriber to receive service; and
- (2) When no regulatory, technical or other impediments to households taking service exist, and potential subscribers in the franchise area are reasonably aware that they may purchase the services of the multichannel video programming distributor.

- (f) For purposes of determining the number of households subscribing to the services of a multichannel video programming distributor other than the largest multichannel video programming distributor, under paragraph (b)(2)(ii) of this section, the number of subscribers of all multichannel video programming distributors that offer services to at least 50 percent of the households in the franchise area will be aggregated.
- (g) In order to offer comparable programming within the meaning of paragraph (b) (2) (i) of this section, a competing multichannel video programming distributor must offer at least 12 channels of video programming, including at least one channel of nonbroadcast service programming.

[58 FR 29753, May 21, 1993, as amended at 59 FR 17972, Apr. 15, 1994; 61 FR 18978, Apr. 30, 1996]

§ 76.906 Presumption of no effective competition.

In the absence of a demonstration to the contrary, cable systems are presumed not to be subject to effective competition.

§ 76.910 Franchising authority certification.

- (a) A franchising authority must be certified by the Commission in order to regulate the basic service tier and associated equipment of a cable system within its jurisdiction.
- (b) To be certified, the franchising authority must file with the Commission a written certification that:
- (1) The franchising authority will adopt and administer regulations with respect to the rates for the basic service tier that are consistent with the regulations prescribed by the Commission for regulation of the basic service tier;
- (2) The franchising authority has the legal authority to adopt, and the personnel to administer, such regulations;
- (3) Procedural laws and regulations applicable to rate regulation proceedings by such authority provide a reasonable opportunity for consideration of the views of interested parties; and
- (4) The cable system in question is not subject to effective competition.

§ 76.911

Unless a franchising authority has actual knowledge to the contrary, the franchising authority may rely on the presumption in §76.906 that the cable operator is not subject to effective competition.

- (c) The written certification described in paragraph (b) of this section shall be made by filing the FCC form designated for that purpose. The form must be filed by
- (1) Registered mail, return receipt requested, or
- (2) Hand-delivery to the Commission and a date-stamped copy obtained. The date on the return receipt or on the date-stamped copy is the date filed.
- (d) A copy of the certification form described in paragraph (c) of this section must be served on the cable operator before or on the same day it is filed with the Commission.
- (e) Unless the Commission notifies the franchising authority otherwise, the certification will become effective 30 days after the date filed, *provided, however,* That the franchising authority may not regulate the rates of a cable system unless it:
 - (1) Adopts regulations:
- (i) Consistent with the Commission's regulations governing the basic tier; and
- (ii) Providing a reasonable opportunity for consideration of the views of interested parties, within 120 days of the effective date of certification; and
- (2) Notifies the cable operator that the authority has been certified and has adopted the regulations required by paragraph (e)(1) of this section.
- (f) If the Commission denies a franchising authority's certification, the Commission will notify the franchising authority of any revisions or modifications necessary to obtain approval.

§ 76.911 Petition for reconsideration of certification.

- (a) A cable operator (or other interested party) may challenge a franchising authority's certification by filing a petition for reconsideration. The petition may allege either of the following:
- (1) The cable operator is not subject to rate regulation because effective competition exists as defined in §76.905.

- (2) The franchising authority does not meet the certification standards set forth in 47 U.S.C. 543(a)(3).
- (b)(1) The cable operator bears the burden of rebutting the presumption that effective competition does not exist with evidence that effective competition, as defined in §76,905, exists in the franchise area
- (2) For purposes of paragraph (a)(1) of this section, if the evidence establishing effective competition is not otherwise available, cable operators may request from a competitor information regarding the competitor's reach and number of subscribers. A competitor must respond to such request within 15 days. Such responses may be limited to numerical totals.
- (c) Stay of rate regulation. (1) The filing of a petition for reconsideration pursuant to paragraph (a)(1) of this section will automatically stay the imposition of rate regulation pending the outcome of the reconsideration proceeding.
- (2) A petitioner filing pursuant to paragraph (a)(2) of this section may request a stay of rate regulation.
- (3) In any case in which a stay of rate regulation has been granted, if the petition for reconsideration is denied, the cable operator may be required to refund any rates or portion of rates above the permitted tier charge or permitted equipment charge which were collected from the date the operator implements a prospective rate reduction back in time to September 1, 1993, or one year, whichever is shorter.
- (d) The filing of a petition for reconsideration alleging the presence of effective competition based on frivolous grounds is prohibited, and may be subject to forfeitures.
- (e) If the Commission upholds a challenge to a certification filed pursuant to paragraph (a)(2) of this section, the Commission will notify the franchising authority of the revisions necessary to secure approval and provide the authority an opportunity to amend its certification however necessary to secure approval. *Provided, however,* That pending approval of certification, the Commission will assume jurisdiction